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## A Short Formal Synthesis of (-)-Methylenolactocin via a Nickel Catalyzed Intramolecular Carbozincation

Andrea Vaupel and Paul Knochel\*

Fachbereich Chemie der Philipps-Universität Marburg

D - 35032 Marburg, Germany

Summary: The lactone 2 which can be converted in one step into (-)-methylenolactocin 1 was prepared in 4 steps, 30% overall yield and > 92% ee starting from (E)-3-trimethylsilylpropenal 4. The key step is a new nickel catalyzed cyclization of the polyfunctional bromo-alkenylsilane 3 mediated by Et<sub>2</sub>Zn. The intermediate organozine species 7 has been directly oxidized to an aldehyde with oxygen.

Recently, we have developed a new radical cyclization of polyfunctional 5-hexenyl halides mediated by Et2Zn and catalyzed by nickel or palladium salts. The reaction tolerates the presence of a broad range of functionalities in the cyclization precursors and produces polyfunctional 5-membered carbo- and hetero-cycles with excellent stereoselectivity (Eq. 1). Herein, we wish to report an application of this reaction to the synthesis of the antitumor antibiotic (-)-methylenolactocin 1 which has been synthesized previously by Greene. We describe a short enantioselective synthesis of the functionalized lactone 2 by the cyclization of 3 starting from (E)-3-trimethylsilylpropenal 3,4 4 (Eq. 2). The lactone 2 has been converted in one step to 1.2

Addition of Pent<sub>2</sub>Zn (2 equiv) to the aldehyde 4 in the presence of the chiral catalyst 5 and Ti(Oi-Pr)4 (2 equiv) produces the allylic alcohol 6 in 70 % yield and 92 % ee (toluene, -30 to 0 °C, 4h). The reaction of 6 with butyl vinyl ether and N-bromosuccinimide in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0 °C, 1h) affords the bromoacetal 3 in 88 % yield. The nickel catalyzed cyclization of 3 proceeds smoothly at 40°C in THF in the presence of LiI (0.25 equiv) and a catalytic amount (5 mol%) of Ni(acac)<sub>2</sub> (40 °C, 12 h). The resulting zinc reagent 7 gives after protonation and oxidation with MCPBA and BF<sub>3</sub>·OEt<sub>2</sub> (15 mol %) (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25 °C, 0.5 h)<sup>6</sup>, the trans-

lactone 8 (63 % yield, 100 % trans), showing the high stereoselectivity of the cyclization. The iodolysis of 7 provides the iodide 9 in 76 % yield. The direct oxidation of 7 with oxygen<sup>7</sup> in the presence of TMSCl (2 equiv) affords via the intermediate zinc peroxide 10 the acetal 11 (THF, -5 °C, 3-4 h) in 55 % overall yield. Jones oxidation of 11 leads to the pure trans-lactone 2 (acetone, 0 °C, 15 min, 90 % yield). This cristalline compound has a melting point of 104 °C (mp(lit.)8: 105-107°C) and a specific rotation of  $[\alpha]_D = -50.5$  (c 0.41, CHCl3); ( $[\alpha]_D = -54$  (c 0.4, CDCl3)).8

In summary, we have prepared the lactone 2 in 4 steps, 30 % overall yield and > 92 % ee, demonstrating the efficiency of the nickel catalyzed cyclization 1 and showing the synthetic potential of the direct oxygen oxidation of zinc organometallics.

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